1. Anatomy & Physiology

Introduction:

This subject teaches the structure (anatomy) and function (physiology) of the human body. It is the foundation of all nursing practices.

Key Notes:

- Cells & Tissues Structure of cells, types of tissues (epithelial, connective, muscular, nervous)
- Skeletal System Bones, joints, functions of the skeleton
- Muscular System Types of muscles (skeletal, cardiac, smooth), muscle function
- Circulatory System Heart structure, blood vessels, blood circulation
- Respiratory System Lungs, breathing process, gas exchange
- Digestive System Organs and functions, digestion process

Excretory System – Kidneys, urine formation

Nervous System – Brain, spinal cord, neurons

Endocrine System – Glands and hormones (pituitary, thyroid, adrenal)

Reproductive System – Male and female anatomy, menstrual cycle

2. Microbiology

Introduction:

Microbiology deals with microorganisms and their role in health and disease, including infection control.

Key Notes:

Classification of Microorganisms – Bacteria, viruses, fungi, protozoa

- Infection & Immunity Types of infection, transmission, immunity types
- Sterilization & Disinfection Methods, autoclaving, antiseptics
- Laboratory Techniques Culture methods, staining
- Common Pathogens Causative agents of TB, malaria, HIV, etc.

3. Psychology

Introduction:

Psychology helps understand human behavior and mental processes, useful for patient care and communication.

Key Notes:

Definition & Scope – Importance in nursing

Growth & Development – Stages of development (infancy to old age)

Mental Health - Characteristics of a mentally healthy person

Emotions & Motivation – Emotional responses, basic drives

Learning & Memory – Types of learning, improving memory

Personality – Types and assessment

4. Sociology

Introduction:

Sociology studies society, social behavior, and how social factors affect health.

Key Notes:

Society & Culture – Social norms, values, customs

Family & Marriage – Types, role in health

Social Problems – Poverty, substance abuse, crime

Social Organization – Community, rural/urban society

Role of Nurses – In promoting social health

5. Fundamentals of Nursing

Introduction:

This subject includes the basic skills and principles of nursing care.

Key Notes:

Nursing Principles – Ethics, holistic care

Bed Making & Hygiene – Personal care of patients

Vital Signs – Temperature, pulse, respiration, BP

Aseptic Techniques - Infection control

Patient Positioning – Fowler's, lithotomy, etc.

Elimination Needs - Catheterization, enemas

6. First Aid

Introduction:

First Aid covers immediate care for injuries and emergencies.

Key Notes:

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Fractures & Wounds - Types, dressing

Burns & Scalds - Management, degrees

Shock - Causes, signs, treatment

CPR – Steps, indications

Bleeding - Control methods

Bites & Stings - Snake bite, dog bite

7. Community Health Nursing - I

Introduction:

It focuses on health promotion and disease prevention in the community.

Key Notes:

Concept of Health – Determinants, levels of prevention

Health Team – Roles, multipurpose workers

Home Visit – Steps, advantages

Immunization - Schedule, vaccines

Common Diseases – Diarrhea, malaria, TB

8. Environmental Hygiene

Introduction:

It deals with factors in the environment that affect human health.

Key Notes:

Water Supply – Safe drinking water

Sanitation – Types of latrines, waste disposal

Pollution – Air, water, noise

Vector Control - Mosquito, flies

Hospital Hygiene – Disinfection, cleaning

9. Health Education & Communication Skills

Introduction:

This subject trains nurses in health promotion and communication techniques.

Key Notes:

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Health Education - Methods, principles

Communication - Types, barriers, therapeutic

Teaching Methods – Lecture, demo, role play

Counseling - Techniques, stages

10. Nutrition

Introduction:

Nutrition covers dietary needs and their role in health and disease prevention.

Key Notes:

Nutrients – Carbs, proteins, fats, vitamins, minerals

Balanced Diet – Planning, food groups

Malnutrition – Kwashiorkor, marasmus

Diet for Age Groups – Children, pregnant women

Food Safety – Hygiene, storage